

road executives with the hope that he may succeed in convincing them of the necessity for their prompt acceptance of the President's proposals, which have been accepted by the shop crafts.

"Continued refusal to accept the President's proposals for a compromise settlement of pending questions will place upon the railroad executives full responsibility for the increasing seriousness of the situation."

"We suggest you file this message with the President as a basis for discussion with him of the questions at issue and to which you have full authority of the undersigned chief executives to meet him. We are wiring the President you will call upon him with full authority to discuss this subject."

STONE, LEE and ROBERTSON.

ILLINOIS OPERATORS MAKE A PEACE OFFER

Would Pay Wage Scale of Last Contract.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4 (Associated Press).—Illinois coal operators meeting here today refused to accept the meeting of union officials and operators called for Cleveland next Monday by John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers, but submitted a proposition to Frank Farrington, president of the Illinois Miners' Union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois' mines.

"According to and being governed by the request of the President of the United States," the proposal to Mr. Farrington said, "we are prepared to at once open our mines for work, paying the wage scale in effect at the expiration of the last contract; and to avoid possible further disruption of coal production this fall and winter, when the coal supply will be dangerously short, we will agree that the old wage scale shall remain effective until March 31, 1923."

INDIANA GUARDSMEN FIRED ON FOR HOURS

Automatic Rifles Brought Into Action by Troops.

STANTON, Ind., Aug. 4 (Associated Press).—First hostilities in connection with the taking over of mines by the guards occurred here when National Guardsmen on guard duty were fired upon from ambush.

The fire was returned by the guards and later the firing was taken up over the entire area. Automatic rifles were brought into action by the troops.

Reports received by Major Gen. Robert Tyndall, in command of the troops, said that no one was killed or injured, but that some of the men on duty that one man was slightly injured.

Investigation by military officials indicated that although the firing lasted several hours the attacking party was small. It was reported that several men from nearby towns came to this city and announced that they were going to get a flock of soldiers. They fired on an outpost and the fire was immediately returned.

As a result of this firing whenever there was any movement in the woods the guardsmen fired. Several men were called upon to halt by the guards when they were fired upon when they failed to obey the guards' commands.

Officers in command of the troops believed the affair, saying that it was a "minor skirmish." The situation was regarded as quiet despite the firing which was reported to have continued until daylight.

The continued firing was the result of the "take no chances" policy of the militia. No one was supposed to be in the occupied zone without a pass and the men with passes are supposed to travel only on the highway out in the open. As a result, when the attacking persons fired the militia swept the spot with machine gun and rifle fire.

GIRL STOWAWAYS QUIT SHIP AT SOUTHAMPTON

Showered With Kisses and Gifts; Return on Homeric.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1922, by THE NEW YORK HERALD.

SOUTHAMPTON, Aug. 5.—Anna Muller and Katherine Fleming, the two thirteen-year-old New York girls who took passage on the *Homeric* as stowaways, were turned over to the police matron here to-day amid affectionate farewells from the passengers, who shook hands with them, kissed them and gave them presents.

Anna, of 419 West Seventeenth street, and Katherine, of 423 West Seventeenth street, were discovered hiding in a lifeboat shortly after the big liner had put out to sea. They were taken before the captain who, after he had obtained the necessary information, sent wireless messages to their parents assuring them that the girls would be sent home safely and then assigned the stowaways to a third class cabin.

They soon giggled their way into the hearts of the passengers and were showered with kisses and gifts. They are looking forward to their return voyage on the *Homeric* Wednesday.

The girls said they had had a wonderful time of the way over and were glad to be home. The ship's cook, however, "was the most wonderful man of all," according to Anna.

Seventeen-year-old Katherine admitted that they would be glad to go home because after all, the Atlantic Ocean had proved to be much larger than they thought it was.

FINED FOR NOT SHAVING NON-UNION WORKERS

Thousand Attend Barbers' Hearing in Georgia Town.

WAYNES, Ga., Aug. 4.—Refusal to shave non-union employees of the Atlantic Coast Line shops and continued operation after the license had been revoked by Mayor Cowart because of the refusal to-day cost a Waynes barber shop five dollars.

Barbers of the shop were taken before Recorder Cowart charged with doing business without a license. More than a thousand persons attended the hearing.

ITALIANS LIKE AUSTRALIA.

Home Sends Immigration Inspector to Antipodes.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—The Italian Government has sent out a special official to be attached to the Consulate-General as inspector of immigration in Australia, writes the Melbourne correspondent of the Times.

A tremendous interest in Australia has been shown here, and this has been accentuated by the glowing accounts of their prosperity sent home by Italians settled in the sugar district of Queensland. The Inspector is going to Queensland to investigate. Recently a number of prominent Italian visitors, who declared that there was not a farm where they had not been entertained with chicken and champagne.

ENGINE BLOWUP HURTS TWO.

ROCHESTER, Aug. 4.—Fred Coates, engineer, and John J. O'Brien, fireman, were injured late last night when the boiler of a New York Central locomotive exploded in the yards here. The boiler, which was being used to haul a train, was blown to bits. The engine was being used to shift cars.

FOUND ANYTHING?

It is said it is advertised in the East and West columns of to-day's New York Herald.

BERENGA AND GRACE BRINGS NOTABLE FOLK HOME

Ship's Arrival Here Marks Turn in Summer Trips Across Atlantic.

WELCOME FOR KENLON

Frank A. Munsey Returns, 'Not Interested' in Attack by Senator Gooding.

GRACE AND REPLEGUE IN

Bernard M. Baruch and Ogden Reid Also Among the 1,652 Passengers.

The Cunard liner *Berengaria* arrived last night from Southampton and Cherbourg with many prominent Americans. There were 1,652 passengers.

Steamship officials regarded the voyage as marking the turn of the tide in foreign summer travel. Early in the morning a heavy fog had covered the ship when she was near Nantucket and she was somewhat delayed making port.

At Quarantine there was a noisy welcome for John Kenlon, Fire Chief, who returned with Mrs. Kenlon from a European trip. The fireboat John Purroy Mitchell, with Fire Department officials, went down the bay, and Chief Kenlon went aboard for a short time, shaking hands, and receiving a noisy greeting.

While the liner passed up the bay to her berth at Pier 54, Fourteenth street and Hudson River, fireboats accompanied her and whistles were blown constantly in honor of Chief Kenlon.

The Chief has visited Italy, Switzerland, Holland, Germany, France and England and has a report to make to the Mayor on conditions he has observed on fire department methods and garbage disposal.

Among the passengers were Frank A. Munsey, owner of THE NEW YORK HERALD, The Sun and The Evening Telegram; Ogden Reid and Mrs. Reid, J. Leonard Replegue, Eugene G. Grace and Bernard M. Baruch.

"Not Interested in Gooding."

Ship reporters asked Mr. Munsey for a statement regarding Senator Gooding's resolutions for an investigation of the interest of certain United States Senators in the wool schedule of the tariff bill and for an investigation into the reasons for the opposition of Mr. Munsey and THE NEW YORK HERALD to the bill.

"I have not read it. I don't wish to read it. It does not interest me."

He was asked whether he had found conditions in Europe better than they were a year ago and replied:

"I wish I could say they were."

Mr. Munsey said he had been abroad for several weeks and had spent most of the time at Carlsbad. He said it was cold and gloomy there but he had returned in excellent health. He continued:

"Fifteen years ago, I coined the expression that Carlsbad is a wonderful repair shop where human beings are put in shape."

On being asked to give his impressions on returning to the United States, Mr. Munsey said:

"What I said last year on returning, 'that America is the best place to live in if you repeat and accentuate.'"

Regarding the illness of Lord Northcliffe Mr. Munsey said:

"I am deeply distressed, far more than I can say. The public street, under the voluntary mediation which the President carried on because that sort of mediation between carriers and their employees is contemplated in the tariff bill, is a matter of fact, the labor board is supposed to act only in those matters when questions which carriers and their employees cannot agree upon are brought to the board, or when the labor board of its own initiative is apprehensive of interruption, and may make both parties before the board for so long as the board is in session."

Senator Harrison (Miss.) introduced in the Senate to-day a resolution for Senator King (Utah) providing for an investigation of the conditions in the investigation and report upon the condition of railway equipment and rumors that had order locomotives were being used. The resolution was favorably received.

Senator Spencer (Mo.) introduced a resolution for a Federal court of conciliation and mediation in the disputes that jeopardize the public interest. It would establish a court of mediation and conciliation.

61 POLICE SERGEANTS, 6 LIEUTENANTS NAMED

Enright Gives Badges to Promoted Patrolmen.

Police Commissioner Enright announced yesterday the appointment of sixty-one police sergeants and six lieutenants from the civil service lists recently made up from examinations taken by more than 2,000 patrolmen. He called all the promoted men before him at Police Headquarters and handed each the badge which is the insignia of his higher rank.

The lieutenants are Charles O'Neill, East Sixty-seventh street station; Martin Cuff, Long Island City; John W. Conway, Lawrence avenue, Brooklyn; George Rensselaer, Headquarters avenue, Brooklyn; and Edward H. Conroy, Traffic B.

Harry A. Stacion, a patrolman attached to the Butler street station in Brooklyn, who was at the head of the civil service list with a grade of 55.20 per cent, was made a sergeant. Thomas J. O'Brien, 72 East 22d street, The Bronx, promoted to a sergeant, has been sent to the Simpson street station, where he will work with his father, Sergeant John O'Brien. The father has been in the Police Department thirty-three years, the son fourteen.

"What is Marriage?" Why is divorce more common than ever? Read Sir Hail Caine's astounding views on this subject in the New York Sunday American to-morrow—Ad.

SENATE BILL ASKS COURT TO SETTLE LABOR ISSUES

Spencer Proposes Three Judges to Rule on National Industrial Disputes—Decrees Are Subject to Appeal to Supreme Tribunal of United States.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—A plan for settling disputes between States and individuals and employees through Federal courts of conciliation was presented in a bill introduced to-day by Senator Spencer (Rep., Mo.). The court would consist of three judges appointed by the President with the approval of the Senate and would take jurisdiction in disputes after efforts of employers and employees to adjust their differences had failed, either on its own motion or upon application of either side. Orders or decrees of the court would be subject to appeal to the Federal Courts of Appeal and finally to the Supreme Court.

"The people of the United States under existing laws," said Senator Spencer, "are able judicially to determine every dispute affecting life, liberty and property between States and individuals, but they are absolutely powerless to settle labor disputes that may and often do directly affect the health and lives of the people and the industrial life of the nation."

"This impotency is intolerable. When industrial disputes reach a point where every voluntary effort to settle the differences has failed, and the controversy is such as to endanger the general welfare of the country there should be and there must be some impartial Government agency to promptly and finally determine disputes."

The bill was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

PRESIDENT FEARS LONG RAIL FIGHT

Continued from First Page.

pared to step in at the first opening to prevent an industrial warfare, which may threaten the security of the nation. Timothy Shea, vice-president of the locomotive firemen, telegraphed the President to-day warning that the Brotherhood would not be able to much longer operate trains with defective equipment.

Theressage was not made public by the White House, and there was no official comment upon it. It is known, however, that a complete tie-up of transportation will ensue. President Harding believes that the principle of organization or collective bargaining should not be attacked.

Systems Are Threatened.

Further, he is concerned over reports that railroad equipment is falling into a low state of repair which threatens the entire transportation system. Reports have been received by the White House to the effect that even on railroads with a high percentage of shop men at work, equipment is falling into disrepair because of inefficiency or lack of repair by the workers.

Failure of any of the roads will give the President a leverage on the situation, which he will command. There can be no doubt that the President is being urged to act by the railroad men. He has been studying the situation and the bill would be introduced in any case.

The President's attitude can best be expressed by the official statement made to-day that the President is always anxious for the welfare of the American people, else the President would not have volunteered to undertake mediation to bring about a settlement of these matters where the public welfare is so greatly concerned.

There was great disappointment that the proposition submitted by the railroad men to the President was not accepted. There is a great advantage gained thus far. Both parties to the dispute have agreed to the basic terms of settlement, and have agreed to accept the decisions of the Labor Board. That is the main thing so far as the Government is concerned.

The Government feels that so long as both are committed to the jurisdiction of the Labor Board and the necessity of supporting it that a marked degree of progress has been made.

Mediation Voluntary.

Such a mode of settlement has been the contention of the Government through the whole controversy and the attempt to adjust outside of the board was agreed to by the railroad men.

This is regarded by union leaders as highly favorable to clerks, inasmuch as a number of railroads abolished these gratuities without sanction of employees' labor board.

Commenting on to-day's ruling Chairman Ben W. Hooper said: "After our remaining order a number of railroads discountenance and employees are being asked to accept a bonus and a gratuity. This is regarded by union leaders as highly favorable to clerks, inasmuch as a number of railroads abolished these gratuities without sanction of employees' labor board."

On the per capita basis New York's share of the McCumber bonus will be \$12,284,000. Pennsylvania's share will be \$15,253,850. Maryland's share will be \$436,000.50.

Senator McCumber's State—North Dakota—would be called upon to pay only \$2,284,000. The bonus is a mere pittance compared to the sum which the people of these commonwealths would have to pay to support the McCumber bill.

For instance, under the schedule Maryland's share of the pending bonus bill's cost would be \$2,482,050, as compared with \$4,900,000 which the State Legislature appropriated as a bonus subject to the approval of the people. That measure was fought bitterly before the Legislature and it was approved by a vote of 100 to 20. The people of Maryland rebelled against such a heavy added to its tax burdens. Since then the courts have declared that the bill appropriating the \$5,000,000 was unconstitutional, and many people of the State gave a sigh of relief.

On the per capita basis New York's share of the McCumber bonus will be \$12,284,000. Pennsylvania's share will be \$15,253,850. Maryland's share will be \$436,000.50.

Senator McCumber's State—North Dakota—would be called upon to pay only \$2,284,000. The bonus is a mere pittance compared to the sum which the people of these commonwealths would have to pay to support the McCumber bill.

For instance, under the schedule Maryland's share of the pending bonus bill's cost would be \$2,482,050, as compared with \$4,900,000 which the State Legislature appropriated as a bonus subject to the approval of the people. That measure was fought bitterly before the Legislature and it was approved by a vote of 100 to 20. The people of Maryland rebelled against such a heavy added to its tax burdens. Since then the courts have declared that the bill appropriating the \$5,000,000 was unconstitutional, and many people of the State gave a sigh of relief.

On the per capita basis New York's share of the McCumber bonus will be \$12,284,000. Pennsylvania's share will be \$15,253,850. Maryland's share will be \$436,000.50.

Senator McCumber's State—North Dakota—would be called upon to pay only \$2,284,000. The bonus is a mere pittance compared to the sum which the people of these commonwealths would have to pay to support the McCumber bill.

For instance, under the schedule Maryland's share of the pending bonus bill's cost would be \$2,482,050, as compared with \$4,900,000 which the State Legislature appropriated as a bonus subject to the approval of the people. That measure was fought bitterly before the Legislature and it was approved by a vote of 100 to 20. The people of Maryland rebelled against such a heavy added to its tax burdens. Since then the courts have declared that the bill appropriating the \$5,000,000 was unconstitutional, and many people of the State gave a sigh of relief.

On the per capita basis New York's share of the McCumber bonus will be \$12,284,000. Pennsylvania's share will be \$15,253,850. Maryland's share will be \$436,000.50.

Senator McCumber's State—North Dakota—would be called upon to pay only \$2,284,000. The bonus is a mere pittance compared to the sum which the people of these commonwealths would have to pay to support the McCumber bill.

For instance, under the schedule Maryland's share of the pending bonus bill's cost would be \$2,482,050, as compared with \$4,900,000 which the State Legislature appropriated as a bonus subject to the approval of the people. That measure was fought bitterly before the Legislature and it was approved by a vote of 100 to 20. The people of Maryland rebelled against such a heavy added to its tax burdens. Since then the courts have declared that the bill appropriating the \$5,000,000 was unconstitutional, and many people of the State gave a sigh of relief.

On the per capita basis New York's share of the McCumber bonus will be \$12,284,000. Pennsylvania's share will be \$15,253,850. Maryland's share will be \$436,000.50.

GRAPHIC TABLE CIRCULATED IN SENATE SHOWS REAL MEANING OF RAID.

Senators Shows Real Meaning of Raid.

\$50 FROM EVERYBODY

And Populous East Would Have to Shoulder Bulk of Burden.

VOTE NOW IS IN OFFING

Lineup of Senators Is Unchanged, but Enthusiasm of the Pros Slumps.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1922, by THE NEW YORK HERALD.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 4.—Convinced that the McCumber bonus bill will come before the Senate within the next two or three weeks, Senators for and against the measure found time to-day, in the interludes between the tariff outbreaks of fireworks, to corral their forces for the coming battle.

Spoken for the factions reported that the lineup remains practically the same as when the measure was last discussed on the floor, but opponents of the bonus raid are much gratified at the outlook. They say that the sponsors of the bill have lost most of their enthusiasm and that their activity will be more or less perfunctory from now on.

Of course, the indifference of the bonus Senators to the fate of the bill is due largely to the repudiation at the polls of some of the leading Republican leaders. It has been demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that the claims of the politicians of the American League, who claimed 600,000 votes is a delusion and a snare.

Since the political element in the fight has been discredited many Senators can see no justification for going ahead with the legislation. Republican leaders made no secret that they would like to get "out from under" the bill if they could do so gracefully. They admit that the bonus bill is a bad thing, but they are not willing to support it.

Of course, the indifference of the bonus Senators to the fate of the bill is due largely to the repudiation at the polls of some of the leading Republican leaders. It has been demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that the claims of the politicians of the American League, who claimed 600,000 votes is a delusion and a snare.

Since the political element in the fight has been discredited many Senators can see no justification for going ahead with the legislation. Republican leaders made no secret that they would like to get "out from under" the bill if they could do so gracefully. They admit that the bonus bill is a bad thing, but they are not willing to support it.

Of course, the indifference of the bonus Senators to the fate of the bill is due largely to the repudiation at the polls of some of the leading Republican leaders. It has been demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that the claims of the politicians of the American League, who claimed 600,000 votes is a delusion and a snare.

Since the political element in the fight has been discredited many Senators can see no justification for going ahead with the legislation. Republican leaders made no secret that they would like to get "out from under" the bill if they could do so gracefully. They admit that the bonus bill is a bad thing, but they are not willing to support it.

Of course, the indifference of the bonus Senators to the fate of the bill is due largely to the repudiation at the polls of some of the leading Republican leaders. It has been demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that the claims of the politicians of the American League, who claimed 600,000 votes is a delusion and a snare.

Since the political element in the fight has been discredited many Senators can see no justification for going ahead with the legislation. Republican leaders made no secret that they would like to get "out from under" the bill if they could do so gracefully. They admit that the bonus bill is a bad thing, but they are not willing to support it.

Of course, the indifference of the bonus Senators to the fate of the bill is due largely to the repudiation at the polls of some of the leading Republican leaders. It has been demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that the claims of the politicians of the American League, who claimed 600,000 votes is a delusion and a snare.

Since the political element in the fight has been discredited many Senators can see no justification for going ahead with the legislation. Republican leaders made no secret that they would like to get "out from under" the bill if they could do so gracefully. They admit that the bonus bill is a bad thing, but they are not willing to support it.

Of course, the indifference of the bonus Senators to the fate of the bill is due largely to the repudiation at the polls of some of the leading Republican leaders. It has been demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that the claims of the politicians of the American League, who claimed 600,000 votes is a delusion and a snare.

Since the political element in the fight has been discredited many Senators can see no justification for going ahead with the legislation. Republican leaders made no secret that they would like to get "out from under" the bill if they could do so gracefully. They admit that the bonus bill is a bad thing, but they are not willing to support it.

Of course, the indifference of the bonus Senators to the fate of the bill is due largely to the repudiation at the polls of some of the leading Republican leaders. It has been demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that the claims of the politicians of the American League, who claimed 600,000 votes is a delusion and a snare.

Since the political element in the fight has been discredited many Senators can see no justification for going ahead with the legislation. Republican leaders made no secret that they would like to get "out from under" the bill if they could do so gracefully. They admit that the bonus bill is a bad thing, but they are not willing to support it.

Of course, the indifference of the bonus Senators to the fate of the bill is due largely to the repudiation at the polls of some of the leading Republican leaders. It has been demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that the claims of the politicians of the American League, who claimed 600,000 votes is a delusion and a snare.

Since the political element in the fight has been discredited many Senators can see no justification for going ahead with the legislation. Republican leaders made no secret that they would like to get "out from under" the bill if they could do so gracefully. They admit that the bonus bill is a bad thing, but they are not willing to support it.

Of course, the indifference of the bonus Senators to the fate of the bill is due largely to the repudiation at the polls of some of the leading Republican leaders. It has been demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that the claims of the politicians of the American League, who claimed 600,000 votes is a delusion and a snare.

Since the political element in the fight has been discredited many Senators can see no justification for going ahead with the legislation. Republican leaders made no secret that they would like to get "out from under" the bill if they could do so gracefully. They admit that the bonus bill is a bad thing, but they are not willing to support it.

Of course, the indifference of the bonus Senators to the fate of the bill is due largely to the repudiation at the polls of some of the leading Republican leaders. It has been demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that the claims of the politicians of the American League, who claimed 600,000 votes is a delusion and a snare.

Since the political element in the fight has been discredited many Senators can see no justification for going ahead with the legislation. Republican leaders made no secret that they would like to get "out from under" the bill if they could do so gracefully. They admit that the bonus bill is a bad thing, but they are not willing to support it.

Of course, the indifference of the bonus Senators to the fate of the bill is due largely to the repudiation at the polls of some of the leading Republican leaders. It has been demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that the claims of the politicians of the American League, who claimed 600,000 votes is a delusion and a snare.

Since the political element in the fight has been discredited many Senators can see no justification for going ahead with the legislation. Republican leaders made no secret that they would like to get "out from under" the bill if they could do so gracefully. They admit that the bonus bill is a bad thing, but they are not willing to support it.

Of course, the indifference of the bonus Senators to the fate of the bill is due largely to the repudiation at the polls of some of the leading Republican leaders. It has been demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that the claims of the politicians of the American League, who claimed 600,000 votes is a delusion and a snare.

PRIMARY BOX SCORE SHOWS BONUS RAIDERS STRIKE OUT

REPORTS from the recent primaries in Kansas, Missouri, Tennessee, Virginia and other States have had a most discouraging effect on the bonus Senators. The latest victim of the bonus illusion was Breckinridge Long in Missouri, who illogically figured that his advocacy of the raid would bring to his standard a heavy vote from the ex-service men and their families.

Here is the box score on the bonus to date:

Senators who have been repudiated by their constituents largely because of their support of the raid: McCumber (N. D.) and Culberson (Tex.).

Candidates who failed to win nominations because of their support of the bonus: Breckinridge Long (Mo.), Representative Sweet (La.), Representative Burke (Pa.) and Representative Jefferies (Neb.).

Members of the House who will not return because they failed to properly represent their constituents on the bonus issue: Representatives Ireland and Copley (Ill.), Dunbar (Ind.), Connell, Focht, Rose, Brooks, Jones, McLaughlin, Walters and Reber, all of Pennsylvania; Campbell (Kan.) and Herriock (Okla.).

Senators opposed to the bonus who were renominated by large majorities: Pepper (Pa.) and Swanson (Va.).

Representatives opposed to the bonus who were renominated in recent primaries: Alice Robertson (Okla.), Garrett (Tenn.), McFadden (Pa.), Garner (Tex.), Sears (Fla.) and McArthur (Ore.).

NEW ATLANTIC CITY U. S. GLIDER LOST

DRY DRIVE PLAYED IN FRANCE 8 DAYS

Roundup of Liquor Selling Cafes Likely Again—Saloon-keeper Is Held.

ATLANTIC CITY, Aug. 4.—It was intimated by Federal prohibition enforcement authorities to-day that a further roundup of selling liquors is impending. Inspector Henson, whose men swooped down on many beach front properties early Sunday and arrested those who were selling liquor, said that his instructions are to remain in Atlantic City indefinitely. Any arrests in connection with conspiracy to defeat the prohibition law will probably be made by agents of the Department of Justice.

Abbe Mulica, a fisherman, who was arrested for impersonating a Federal officer, was released on his own recognizance after arraignment before United States Commissioner Izard. Samuel Raphael, arrested on a similar charge, was held in \$1,000 bail. Mulica, formerly a member of the National Prohibition Party, was arrested at Atlantic City and supplied the authorities with valuable information.

Albert M. Clark, manager of the Plantation Cafe, and Frank Krull, a special officer, who were arrested for interfering with a Federal officer and with attempting to recover seized property, were held in \$2,500 bail each for hearing.

OPPOSITION TO CALDER AMONG G. O. P. WOMEN

But Haywood Denies He Is Group's Candidate.

Certain women in the Republican State organization are expressing opposition to renomination of United States Senator Calder. So far, however, none suggested unbecomingly another candidate.

A report yesterday that Col. William Haywood, United States Attorney, had been suggested, led some to conclude that he might be the candidate of this group. "A Midsummer Night's Dream," said Col. Haywood, "I have plenty of work right here. I am not looking for the nomination."

Recently the Women's Executive Committee had a committee frame a resolution urging all women not to pledge themselves to any candidate in advance of the convention. Calder people construed this as a plain attempt to keep him from getting delegates. Among those who drafted the resolution were Mrs. Rose Lee Whitney, a member of the State Labor Commission, and Mrs. Charles H. Sablin. Mrs. Whitney said last night: "If I am a delegate to the convention I shall go and I am putting my powers in order and no day passes without additions to his notes."

Mrs. Sablin was not in the city last night, but her friends said she was outspokenly against Senator Calder.

QUAKERS SAY RUSSIAN CROPS ARE CUT SHORT

Assert Food Situation Next Winter Will Be Serious.

LOUIS, Aug. 4.—The food situation in Russia, the coming winter, says a telegram received by the Friends Emergency Relief Committee here to-day, will be twice as serious as expected a month ago.

The rice harvest will be from 40 to 50 per cent, less than predicted June 16, says the message, and unless there are good rains within a week the later